

# THE ENTERPRISE.

VOL. XXI

SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO, SAN MATEO COUNTY, CAL., SATURDAY, APRIL 4, 1914.

NO. 14

## IMPORTANT MEETING OF CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

The local chamber of commerce held an important meeting in the city hall last Wednesday evening.

Several communications were considered and ordered filed.

It was decided to aid the San Mateo County Development Association in obtaining rights of way through San Mateo county for a new electric road, provided the proposition of building it is a legitimate one.

The following resolutions were unanimously adopted, and the secretary directed to send copies to the board of supervisors of this county and the San Mateo County Development Association:

Whereas, the San Bruno road has for a great many years been a public highway with a uniform width of sixty-six feet its entire length, the property of the people of San Mateo county; and

Whereas, said road is the shortest route by several miles between the business district of the City of San Francisco and the Bay Shore towns of San Mateo county; and

Whereas, it serves as a main thoroughfare the industrial bay front of the San Francisco Peninsula,

Therefore, it is the sense of the Chamber of Commerce that this highway, by reason of its importance to this county, must be maintained to its full width of sixty-six feet throughout its entire length.

Resolved, that the City Attorney and the Chairman of the Board of Trustees of the City of South San Francisco be appointed a special committee to confer with the county authorities to accomplish this end.

President F. A. Cunningham of the local board of trustees and City Attorney J. W. Coleberd were appointed to appear before the board of supervisors next Monday and the San Mateo County Development Association next Tuesday evening and urge that no right of way for the new bay shore road be accepted from the Southern Pacific Company unless it is of the official width of sixty-six feet.

## DEPUTY COUNTY AUDITOR RESIGNS

Miss Alice Holden who has acted as deputy in County Auditor Underhill's office for several years past, has resigned her position. She has been succeeded by A. L. Lowe, formerly deputy county clerk.

For Sale—A modern house, with barn, chicken coops, etc., in Peck's Lots; a snap for a quick sale. P. O. Box 502. Advt.

## BETTER BUSINESS

Is what we all want, individually and collectively.

The Bank of South San Francisco believes that general prospects are good and also that any individual's business prospects are better when he has a satisfactory banking connection and makes the fullest use of it.

You cannot get better banking service than that rendered by this dependable institution.

**Bank of South San Francisco**

4% Interest on Savings Deposits  
COMMERCIAL SAVINGS

## LOCAL HAPPENINGS TOLD IN BRIEF

James T. Casey, supervisor, was here Tuesday.

Miss Josie Kreiss entertained the Embroidery Club Thursday evening.

Miss Mildred Foley is up and about, having recovered from her late illness.

R. K. Patchell, of Morgan Hill, spent the first of the week here visiting J. O. Snyder.

The condition of J. G. Walker, who has been seriously ill for several days, is improved.

Miss Anna Harder, of San Francisco, spent Monday evening visiting Dora Harder.

Reuben Smith Jr. went to Fresno with his father last Saturday and returned on Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. McCall left last Tuesday for Livermore where they will stay three weeks.

Superintendent Grant of the New California Jockey Club was in South San Francisco Wednesday.

Misses Grace Martin and Ruth Turner returned home Tuesday after an enjoyable week-end visit in Fresno.

Contractor Clarence B. Eaton will start the improvement work on Linden avenue, between Miller and Arroyo avenues, next week.

The erection of two modern bungalows by Contractor Cavanaugh on a lot on Grand avenue belonging to T. L. Hickey, is progressing rapidly.

Died—In this city, April 3, 1914, Mrs. H. Y. Miller. She leaves to mourn her death her husband and a son and daughter.

The ball given by the South City Packers in Independence Hall, Woodside, last Saturday night was a success. All who attended enjoyed themselves thoroughly.

"The Millionaires" will give their first annual ball in Knowles' Hall, Daly City, on Saturday evening, April 18th. There will be union music. General admission, 25 cents.

The whist party given Monday evening by The Fraternal Brotherhood Lodge was largely attended by members and friends. Refreshments were served after the game and a good time enjoyed by every one present.

The Fair sewing club, an organization of recent origin, met last Monday evening at the home of Miss Dora Schmidt on Grand avenue. The evening was spent very busily by those present. The young ladies present were the Misses Elizabeth Hyland, Florence Robinson, Rita and Lucy Fleming, Marguerite and Annie Kavanagh, Maude Wallace and Marguerite and Dora Schmidt. The club will meet next Monday evening at the home of Miss Maude Wallace.

Tom Hickey Jr. of this city journeyed to Sacramento last week with the St. Ignatius baseball club, of which he is pitcher. The college boys' played the Sacramento clubs two games.

Although they lost both games, they showed good playing ability. A San Francisco paper has the following to say of our Tom: "Pitcher Hickey's debut with Sebastopol was one in which the youngster showed splendid twirling ability. Fifteen of Nick's Portland Colts hit the ozone, and a very few of their hits fell in safe territory. If this rosy-cheeked port-sider keeps up the winning habit they may have to give the name 'Hickey Special' to some of the apples that grow in the Sebastopol orchards."

## CONRAD ELECTED SCHOOL TRUSTEE

The result of the school election in this city yesterday is as follows: C. C. Conrad received 169 votes, J. O. Snyder 136, Chas. Robinson 61.

H. Labourdette has just lowered the price of his place on Baden avenue, which is for sale. It has never been offered at such a low price before. Will sell on terms. For information, see local real estate agents, or write H. Labourdette, Eden Vale, Santa Clara county, Cal. Advt.

## PROCEEDINGS OF THE COUNTY BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

The county board of supervisors met in adjourned session in Redwood City last Monday, with all members present.

Among other business, the following was transacted:

At Supervisor MacBain's request the surveyor was called for a conference with J. A. Folger regarding the right of way for the new road through his property at Woodside.

Mr. Folger presented a map showing the different surveys that had been made and consented to a certain route which was acceptable to the board. He asked that the road be fenced in places and that the culverts be installed by the county.

This request met with the board's approval and on motion of Supervisor MacBain, a vote of thanks was extended to Mr. Folger, his attorney and surveyor and County Surveyor Neuman for the satisfactory settlement of the matter.

A protest, signed by Wm. H. Crocker and others of the second township, against the purchase of state highway bonds to the amount of \$100,000, was read by the clerk.

Supervisor MacBain stated that he made the motion at the last meeting authorizing the purchase of bonds by the county, believing that more money would be required to complete the highway within the county. He still believed that the board's position was correct. Nevertheless he would move to rescind, and his motion was seconded by Supervisor Blackburn and carried.

The chairman stated that he had been informed by E. W. Blaney of the State Highway Commission that more funds would be needed to construct the highway from Beresford to Redwood City.

A communication was received from Alfred Grainger, night watchman of the courthouse, asking that he be given an increase of salary as was given his fellow employees.

No action was taken on the communication.

A communication was received from Wm. B. Lawrence of the Spring Valley Water Company, offering the board free of charge, 2900 cubic yards of rock from the Byrnes' stone quarry. Estimated at 50 cents per yard at the quarry, the value of the company's donation is \$1450.

The donation which was secured through Chairman Brown's application, was received with thanks.

A communication was received from the Federal Construction Company, asking to be relieved of its contract to construct the Middlefield road. Action was postponed until afternoon.

A communication was received from a committee of San Francisco gentlemen styling themselves the "California 1915 Executive Committee," asking a donation of \$250 to assist in paying the cost of an advertising crusade throughout the east for the Panama-Pacific Exposition.

On motion of Supervisor Blackburn, seconded by Supervisor MacBain, the communication was accepted and the clerk directed to notify the secretary of the committee that no action was taken.

District Attorney Swart rendered a report on the Employer's Liability Act, stating that many of the counties were not insuring their employees.

## Do You Want a Home?

The South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company will build you a house on any lot in South San Francisco, on very easy terms. Select your lot, choose your design and apply at the Company's office, 306 Linden avenue, for full particulars

## COUNTY CANDIDATES, TAKE NOTICE!

The population of San Mateo county has very materially increased during the last two years, especially that of the northern section. Increased population means larger number of votes. The Enterprise, which covers the first township (northern section), suggests to seekers after county offices the advisability of placing their announcements in its columns. The rate is very reasonable—\$5 in advance for a one-inch space from now until the date of the primary election—August 25th, 1914.

It was entirely a matter of the board's discretion.

It was ordered on motion of Supervisor Blackburn, seconded by Supervisor Francis, that the county at once take out an insurance on the motorcycle officers and that further consideration of the matter be continued until the next meeting, April 6th.

The claim of the Peninsula Auto Company for \$139 for auto service to the sheriff, filed last November, was ordered paid.

## BASEBALL

The South City Merchants will line up against Daly City Sunday, April 5th, at 11 o'clock. This game was scheduled for last Sunday, but rain kindly interceded on behalf of the outside team, but only temporarily, as the S. C. M. were fortunate enough to secure a game with them for this coming Sunday.

Our boys desire to start the season off well by winning the first game. Mayor F. A. Cunningham will pitch the first ball, and with this sendoff they can't help but win. Come everybody and see a good game. Remember! 11 o'clock.

Admission: Adults 15 cents, children 10 cents.

Another game will be played in the afternoon on the local grounds when the South Citys meet the fast Albert Samuels Jewelry team of San Francisco at 2:30 o'clock. Be on hand and witness a good game. Admission 15 cents, children 10 cents.

Lost—A gold locket containing picture of two babies. Return to Post-office and receive reward. Advt.

See the fine line of Women's Spring and Summer Waists, from 65 cents to \$3.50, at Schneider's. Advt.

## FRATERNAL ORDERS

(By Harry Edwards)

Fraternity.

Fraternity? Fraternity? What human tongue or pen, Can estimate the great good will which thou hast brought to men; What joy and comfort thou hast brought unto the poor and sighing, What unrecorded ministries unto the sick and dying?

Ah! not till the last trump proclaims, that time shall cease to be, Will it be known in earth or heaven how much we owe to thee. Then, when the books are opened and the angels tell the story, Heaven's vault shall echo with the song that celebrates thy glory.

—Sam Booth.

L. O. O. M.

South San Francisco Lodge, No. 832, Loyal Order of Moose, at its last session installed the following officers for the ensuing term: Dictator, J. Anderson; past dictator, F. S. Halapach; vice dictator, A. Connvey; prelate, E. Wariney; sergeant-at-arms, H. Stack; secretary, H. Veit; treasurer, C. Fenger.

The minor offices will be filled by the dictator at a later session. Some sixty members were present and witnessed the initiation of six new members. Dr. Smith of San Bruno took the work in presence of the brothers and when calling all present to their feet to renew the obligation the scene was very impressive. Dictator Halapach with the assistance of the other officers must be congratulated for the effective manner in putting on the work. The local lodge is now 150 strong, with several applications to be acted on. This is a great showing. Should the lodge continue to increase in membership at present rate, they will be the leading fraternal order at no distant date in South San Francisco. The usual banquet followed the initiation and installation, at which various brothers made themselves famous, including the officers installed, also Supreme Deputy A. McSweeney, Principal Britton and others. The speeches made were of a high order, and show that the principles for which the L. O. O. M. stand are appreciated.

A meeting of the stockholders of the Fraternal Hall Association will be held Thursday evening, April 9th, in the lodge hall, Metropolitan Building, at 8:30 p. m. For election of officers also for any other business that may legally come before the board. Harry Edwards, president; W. C. Schneider, vice-president and secretary. Advt.

A GOOD GAS RANGE is the most acceptable present to your wife.

COOKING WITH GAS has come to be accepted as the cleanest, safest, most economical and most efficient method of providing for the family wants.

WE SELL GAS RANGES, and we give expert advice free of charge. Come and inspect our stock, and let us help you to make your selection and install your range for you.

It is our aim that "PACIFIC SERVICE" shall be "PERFECT SERVICE."

**Pacific Gas and Electric Company**

**SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO**



## COUNTY DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION NEWS

Issued upon authority of the San Mateo County Development Association:

While the transportation committee of the San Mateo County Development Association is campaigning for a new electric line from San Francisco and Palo Alto, the association's complaint for lower single and interstation fares has been filed with the State Railroad Commission.

With this double action, adequate transportation facilities at equitable figures are in sight. Both of these campaigns are being carefully handled, and as rapidly as good results will permit. Both campaigns are being conducted on new lines to insure just what is desired.

In presenting the case to the State Railroad Commission, the association, through its attorney, will adduce a new factor that in itself should have the effect of lowering the existing fares considerably.

The Peninsula railroad rates are based on a baggage privilege basis, which is naturally much higher than a non-baggage one. Investigation discloses that this right is rarely used by the thousands of Peninsula passengers, although they purchase tickets and pay for something they do not use. A non-baggage ticket is one of the points that the development association will attempt to win in the legal fight before the railroad commission for lower rates. This issue is but one of many to be raised when the case is being submitted.

While the past and present battles waged by the San Mateo County Development Association for lower rates have been productive of saving residents thousands of dollars in railroad fares and in the increasing of our population, the Peninsula's progress has been retarded by lack of adequate transportation facilities. This problem which confronts the Peninsula must be solved in order that San Mateo county may get the benefits that its nearness to the metropolis warrants.

More than a year ago the Southern Pacific officials assured the association that the company would start immediately the construction of an electric line down the Peninsula to take care of the local and inter-station traffic. The Southern Pacific has done nothing in this connection. As a consequence the county's development has been retarded. In addition to this, the railroad's time schedules are not in harmony with the best needs of the community. Hence, the present cry for a new railroad. The association finds that many large land owning interests are eager for a new electric line. They are more than willing to present private rights of way for no consideration, save the immediate construction of the line.

President H. C. Tuchen of the association is receiving many valuable suggestions as to what method should be pursued in the acquisition of a free and independent railroad with greatly reduced fares. The prevailing opinion is that with a thirty-mile right of way actually secured, that there will be no difficulty in financing the project.

### WHAT'S TO BECOME OF GRADUATES OF AGRICULTURAL COLLEGES?

How shall man and job be brought together in the case of the graduates of the agricultural schools and colleges so that the state's investment in their education may be made most worth while?

This question is discussed by Dean Thomas Forsyth Hunt of the College of Agriculture of the University of California in the following open letter to the people of California:

#### Employment of Students and Graduates of Agricultural Schools.

(By Thomas Forsyth Hunt.)

Every young man is born into the world with his clothes off. His principal resources are character, ability, and industry. Even if he inherits money or property usually it is not at the beginning of business life. As a general rule, to which there are numerous exceptions, the young man who takes a course in agriculture at the university cannot return to his father's farm because the father is

there. Usually a farm is organized as a one-family enterprise. Unless the parents are ready to withdraw from the farm, ordinarily the son must push out from the nest.

Thus it is that the graduates in agriculture, who are normally without capital and not infrequently are working their way through college, must seek employment at wages. Doubtless, in the future some way will be worked out by which these young men of energy and education may secure the requisite capital to enable them to embark in farming for themselves. However, that is another story and is only incidentally related to the problem in hand.

It follows naturally from what has been said that the Department of Agriculture is compelled to act as a sort of employment bureau. It is one of the most difficult problems with which the Department of Agriculture of the University of California has to deal. It is the same problem that exists in the business world in general of making the job and the man fit. Frequently graduates desire employment without any immediate prospect open for which they are especially fitted. More frequently jobs are open with no student properly fitted for the responsibilities entailed. It is obvious that if the state is spending large sums of money in educating its sons in agriculture, it is important that satisfactory employment must be found for them, either at wages or in business, or the state's effort will be wasted. I am taking this opportunity of discussing the problem frankly with ranchers and others interested to the end that the job and the man may be brought together with the least waste of effort.

Graduates trained in agriculture are a more or less highly specialized group of laborers. They cannot go out on the street or country road and expect to secure employment on sight. Neither can the person or corporation seeking a suitably trained specialist always expect to find one ready for employment.

Perhaps one of the most common requests is for a manager of a farm or ranch, who, the letter states, must be a married man of some years of successful practical experience. Ordinarily a college graduate does not marry until he has made good in some position or business. He is then no longer available for employment, especially at the salary that these letters often imply. A recent graduate of the College of Agriculture is seldom required to accept a position at less than \$900 a year, and \$1000 to \$1200 is not uncommon. Where graduates accept positions at a less salary it is usually because of the experience which the employment offers. Out of 67 seniors in agriculture 39 have placed applications on file in this office for employment. Presumably, therefore, 28 are already provided with employment. There are 5 post-graduate students seeking employment and 10 third-year students in the Farm School. There are also in the Department of Agriculture many undergraduates who, each year, desire summer employment, beginning about May 15. Some of these are men of experience in farming who are seeking the best wages which they may secure for the services rendered. Others are men who are without experience and hence will make the matter of wages a secondary consideration if the conditions are favorable for enlarging their agricultural horizon.

If one may judge from some of the correspondence one receives, as well as from incidents in connection with the employment of agricultural graduates, there is not infrequently a misconception concerning college students and graduates, especially those of the Department of Agriculture. College men are not a race by themselves. They come out of your home. They have the hopes and aspirations which you gave them. Their nature has not been changed by going to college. They differ from the average run of young men of the same age only in being the picked men of the state in ability, industry, education and culture. They have not become mollycoddles. They can endure any kind of hard work and rather glory in privations, provided they are necessary worth while. They can survive where the uneducated fail, because in college they have been taught how to care for their bodies. It seems necessary to add that in none

of these particulars can one distinguish a student who studies agriculture from those who study the classics, science, engineering or law. They all look alike, act alike, and have the same general views of life. They are entitled to and expect to receive the treatment that is accorded to educated men.

### CALIFORNIA INVENTORS.

The following patents were just issued to California clients reported by D. Swift & Co., Patent Lawyers, Washington, D. C., who will furnish copies of any patent for ten cents apiece to our readers.

Henry J. Brunner, San Francisco, dock structure; Frederick P. Calleson, San Mateo, screen fastening; Lester M. Dull, Los Angeles, lamp ignition device; James J. Griffin, San Francisco, double seaming machine; Hans O. Johnson, Sacramento, combined mop holder and wringer; Edward Morlea, San Gabriel, lining shafts with concrete; Herbert C. Moss, Maricopa, pump; William A. E. Noble, Los Angeles, turntable; Anton B. Polyanich, Truckee, tag or check; Frederick Schmitt, Oakland, boiler flue fastening means; William H. Smyth, Berkeley, utilizing heat energy; William A. Watkins, Riverside, air supply means for motors.

## THE HOUSE-FLY AS A CARRIER OF DISEASE

The San Mateo County Center, California Civic League, is commencing a crusade against the house-fly. The following is published to show the necessity of destroying this pest:

No longer can we dismiss the fly with a contemptuous "Shoo." He is an influence to be reckoned with. Black as he is painted, we must concede him certain virtues. From a worldly point of view, he is a hustler "from way back;" perpetually on the job, and always delivers the goods.

He distributes samples of pestilence with a lavish hand, and the goods always match the samples whether you have ordered them or not, and are marked D. O. D.—Death on Delivery.

A fly in the house is as dangerous as a rattlesnake, as filthy as a louse, and as disgraceful as a bedbug.

### A FLY CATECHISM.

1. Where is the fly born? In manure and filth.
2. Where does the fly live? In every kind of filth.
3. Is anything too filthy for the fly to eat? No.
4. (a) Where does he go when he leaves the surface closet and the manure pile and the spittoon? Into the kitchen and dining room.  
(b) What does he do there? He walks on the bread, fruit and vegetables. He wipes his feet on the butter and bathes in the milk.
5. Does the fly visit the patient sick with typhoid fever, consumption and cholera infantum? He does and he may call on you next.
6. Is the fly dangerous? He is man's worst pest, and more dangerous than wild beasts or rattlesnakes.
7. What diseases does the fly carry? He carries typhoid fever, cholera and summer complaint? Where? On his wings and hairy feet. What is his correct name? Typhoid fly.
8. Did he ever kill anyone? He killed more American soldiers during the Spanish-American war than did the bullets of the Spaniards.
9. Where are the greatest number of cases of typhoid fever, consumption and summer complaint? Where there are the most flies.
10. Where are the most flies? Where there is most filth.
11. Why should we kill the fly? Because he may kill us.
12. When shall we kill the fly? Kill him before he gets wings—kill him when he is a maggot in the manure pile—kill him while he is in the egg state.
13. How? Keep the stables dry and clean and don't allow any manure to stay on the premises longer than one week. Have all other filth and trash accumulating on your premises removed or burned at least once a week.
14. If your neighbor fails to comply with these rules and allows flies to breed on his premises to visit you, screen your doors and windows and keep them out.

## KNOWLAND FOR U. S. SENATOR

### Alameda Congressman to Be Republican Candidate

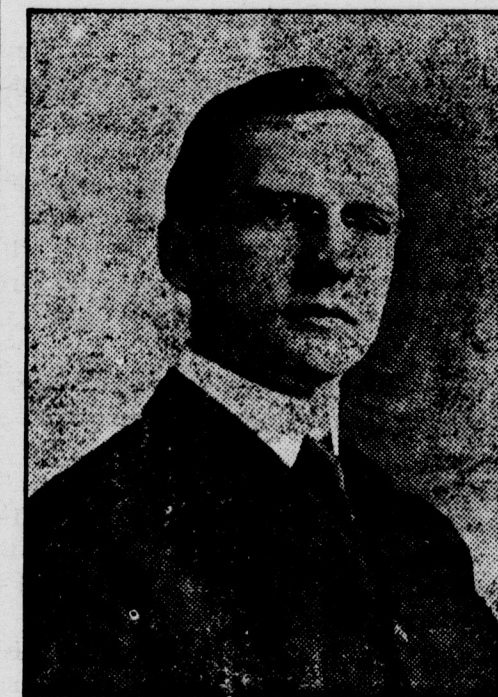
#### THE PEOPLE'S CHAMPION IN TOLL FIGHT—BRILLIANT RECORD IN CONGRESS IS HIS PLATFORM.

Joseph R. Knowland, member of Congress from Alameda County, has announced his candidacy for United States Senator.

In a statement issued from Washington, Mr. Knowland says:

I shall be a candidate at the primaries for the Republican nomination for the office of United States Senator from the State of California to succeed the Honorable George C. Perkins, who has announced both publicly and privately that he will not seek re-election to the position which he has so honorably filled for the past twenty years. Were he a candidate for re-election, I should lend him my support as in the past. It was my pleasure to support the constitutional amendment providing for the election of United States Senators by direct vote of the people.

I have served the people of California as a member of both branches of the State Legislature and as a Representative



JOSEPH R. KNOWLAND  
Republican Candidate for U.S. Senator

in Congress for a total period of seventeen years. My whole training in public life has been along legislative lines. For ten consecutive years I have been a member of the lower House of Congress. During this service there has been no section of the State which I have not stood ready and willing to assist. Within this period I have taken an active part in all legislation of importance to California.

I took an active part in the contest before Congress to secure for California the Panama-Pacific Exposition.

I was a member of Congress when a lock type of canal was agreed upon at Panama and have closely followed the progress of that work, making four visits to the Isthmus. On the floor of the House and in committee I led the fight for the provision now contained in the Canal Act preventing transcontinental railroads from operating steamships through the canal in alleged competition with their rail lines, the object of this amendment being to insure to the people of the entire country, and of my State in particular, the fullest possible benefits of this great waterway as a regulator of freight rates. This particular provision will remain in the law regardless of what surrender may be forced by the Administration as to the tolls section.

At the time of this contest to prevent railroad domination of the canal I received a letter, dated March 30, 1912, from the then and present attorney of the Railroad Commission of California, Mr. Max Thelen, in which, speaking for the Commission, he said: "I wish to express to you the thanks of the other Commissioners and myself for the fine work which you are doing on this bill." In a second communication, dated May 23, 1912, he said: "According to the newspapers of this morning, you have been successful in your efforts with reference both to railroad-owned steamships and free tolls. I wish to congratulate you heartily on the work which you have done in this connection."

Whether those of us who are making the fight here against the surrender of American rights in the tolls controversy succeed or fail, we will at least have the satisfaction of fighting a good fight in the interest of the country. Personally, I have never opposed arbitration of this question if it could be referred to an impartial board. A careful study of the treaty has convinced me that the Canal Act violates none of its provisions, although I appreciate that these may be honest differences of opinion.

As a Republican, I have consistently fought in committee and on the floor of the House to protect the great industries of my State against foreign competition.

I have aided river and harbor projects in all sections of the State from the harbor of San Diego to Humboldt Bay. In 1910 I proposed on the floor of the House an amendment, which is now a part of the Interstate Commerce law, providing that when a railroad lowers a rate for the purpose of driving out water competition it cannot again raise that rate unless it can show to the Interstate Commerce Commission some cause other than the elimination of water competition, an amendment of the greatest importance to California.

I have actively supported legislation aimed to eradicate the white slave traffic.

I have made the fight on the floor of Congress for years on behalf of the mechanics of the country employed in the

navy yards and have advocated the building a part of the government ships in these yards, so that our Government might not be at the mercy of the private shipbuilding concerns.

During my public career my chief and sole ambition has been to render faithful service to the people of my native State. I may and probably have frequently erred in judgment, but during my seventeen years of public service no one has questioned my integrity.

Two years ago in August I had a primary contest in Alameda County, the first contest during my public career. Colonel Roosevelt carried the county in May by nearly 17,000. During that contest my public record was gone into thoroughly from the time I assumed my first office, and the answer of the people of my home and native county was a majority of 12,000 at the primary, followed by election with a plurality nearly as large. My platform is my public record.

### PAVED WITH GOLD.

#### There's Money in the Street Scrapings of an African Town.

Travelers declare, says Harper's Weekly, that at Axim, on the Gold Coast of Africa, gold may actually be picked up in the streets. When one visitor, an Englishman, took the statement as a mere figure of speech his host immediately bade a woman servant go out into the main street, gather a bucketful of road scrapings and work it for gold dust.

In ten minutes the servant returned with two galvanized iron buckets, one filled with road scrapings and the other with water. She also brought three or four wooden platters, varying in size from a large plate to a saucer.

Removing several handfuls of the road scrapings and placing them in the large platter, the woman picked out and threw aside the large stones, pebbles and bits of stick and then moistened the remainder with water from the other bucket. This enabled her to remove smaller refuse.

The residuum she put into the next smaller platter, and she repeated the process until there was a quantity of sand and gravel ready for treatment. This she sprinkled freely with water and by a deft circular movement of the platter brought the small gravel to the outside, where it could be thrust over the edge. When she had repeated this operation three or four times she treated the material, which now looked more like mud than anything else, in a still smaller platter.

At last, in the smallest platter of all, she had the bucketful of sweepings reduced to a handful or two of black sand. This she carefully washed and sifted. At last with a dexterous twist she brought the sand into a crescent, the outer edge of which showed a thin rim of yellow. It was unmistakably gold dust. The whole operation had taken half an hour, and it had produced about a shilling's worth of gold.

### PIGS AND FIGURES.

#### Porkers From the Standpoint of All Around Mathematics.

The educated pig of the old time sideshow, which gravely read figures on a blackboard, was only a type of a class. His modern prototype is quite his equal in devotion to the exact science. By both instinct and fate he is a mathematical animal. Subjectively and objectively he is great on figures. They are dealt out to him, and he deals in them himself. He desires his square meals to be regulated daily by the rule of three. In addition, he deals with his owner's indebtedness. He is able to reduce a mortgage to fractions with amazing rapidity. In measuring the available contents of a pail of slop he is a lightning calculator.

As a multiplier the pig has no equal, counting on six to the litter and two litters in the year. At this rate, barring accidents, the sow's progeny will amount to more than 1,000 in four years. A week old pig is up in geometry, finding the way home along the hypotenuse short cut. An old sow's quickness in boxing the compass in a potato patch is amazing. And when it comes to a troughful of skim milk she is the least common divisor; she wants it all herself.

Objectively the porker finds himself stacked about with a bewildering array of figures—his gains every day on pasture, his gains every day on grain, his gains to the pound of grain, his gains on pasture plus a daily ration, his gains on vegetables and roots—these and a hundred other tabulations surround him. Profit or loss, so far as the pig is concerned, is almost purely a matter of feeds and feeding, and these are in their turn matters of almost pure mathematical measurements; hence have resulted the long listed calculations available to the farmer.—W. J. Harsha in Breeder's Gazette.

### Variable Conditions.

"That man says he doesn't know whether he is married or unmarried, sane or insane."

"Yes. He has had a great deal of trouble with court complication. Those things all depend on what state he happens to be in."—Washington Star.



# South San Francisco Land and Improvement Co.

## FOUNDERS OF THE CITY OF SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO

**T**HE SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO LAND AND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY designed in its original plan to make of South San Francisco a great manufacturing center. With that object in view, it originally purchased 3500 acres of land in San Mateo County, on the bay front, five miles south of the city of San Francisco. Since the original purchase, the company has added greatly to its holdings by the purchase of large tracts of adjoining lands, giving to it a perfect environment for the complete development of a great manufacturing city.

The faith which this Company had in its enterprise has been manifest to everyone by the large expenditure it has made in the development of this property. Every foundation which goes to make a perfect condition for manufacture has been already solidly installed, and

## SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO

is a rapidly growing city; it is a railroad terminal; it is on the main line of the Southern Pacific Railroad, and accessible to all railroads; has deep water communication; owns and operates for its industries a railroad connecting with the Southern Pacific and the water front; has electric street car service from factory to Town, and direct to San Francisco; has an Electric Light and Power Company; owns an independent Water Works, and has an abundance of fresh water for factory and house; has wharves and docks; a perfect sewerage system; a Bank and a Town Hall; and a population of over 3000 people an extensive and fine residence district, where everyone may secure lands at reasonable prices and on favorable terms, as homes for themselves and their families.

## FACTORY SITES

can be obtained from the South San Francisco Land and Improvement Company on most reasonable terms.

The completion of the Bay Shore Tunnels has placed South San Francisco on the main lines of the Southern Pacific Railroad, and forty passenger trains per day connect it with the outside world.

Owing to the completion of the Dumbarton Bridge and Cutoff, South San Francisco will soon have all railroads which center in San Francisco passing through its midst.

Many industries are already established here, chief of which are the Western Meat Company, the Wool Pullery, the Soap Works, the Steiger Pottery Works, the W. P. Fuller & Co. Paint Works, the South San Francisco Lumber and Supply Company, the Pacific Coast Steel Company, the Pacific Car and Equipment Company, the Standard Corrugated Pipe Works, and other enterprises, all of which are in operation to-day. The Meese Gottfried Machinery Company and the Enterprise Foundry of San Francisco have each recently made purchases of land, and South San Francisco is plainly destined to fulfill all that its promoters had hoped.

**For Manufacturing Purposes, South San Francisco Has No Equal on San Francisco Bay**

**PARTIES DESIRING LOCATIONS SHOULD APPLY TO**

**W. J. MARTIN, Land Agent, South San Francisco Land and Improvement Co.**  
**South San Francisco, San Mateo County, California.**

**NEXT TIME**

**YOU BAKE---**

**USE**

**CALIFENE**

It will make your friends wonder how you get that nice, rich, savory crust they somehow cannot bake. Be generous. Give them the secret. Tell them about Califene, the new shortening that makes every baking day cheerful. Be sure they remember the name Califene, made in South San Francisco and sold everywhere in California.

**ASK YOUR DEALER**

Manufactured from the purest vegetable oil and selected beef fat in a modern and sanitary plant  
 under the watchful eyes of U. S. Government Inspectors.

**Western Meat Company**



## THE ENTERPRISE

Published every Saturday by the  
**Enterprise Publishing Co.**  
Everett I. Woodman, Manager.

Entered at the Postoffice at South San Francisco, Cal., as second-class matter, December 19, 1895.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.  
One Year, in advance \$2 00  
Six Months " 1 00  
Three Months " 50

Advertising rates furnished on application.

Office on Linden Avenue near Bank

SATURDAY, APRIL 4, 1914.

### Statement of the Ownership, Management, Circulation, Etc.,

Of The Enterprise, published weekly at South San Francisco, Cal., required by the Act of August 24, 1912:

Name of— Postoffice Address.  
Editor—E. I. Woodman, South San Francisco, Cal.  
Managing Editor—E. I. Woodman, " "  
Business Manager—E. I. Woodman, " "  
Publisher—The Enterprise Publishing Co. " "

Known bondholders, mortgagees, and other security holders, holding 1 per cent or more of total amount of bonds, mortgages, or other securities—None.

E. I. WOODMAN, Business Manager.  
Sworn to and subscribed before me this 3d day of April, 1913.  
[SEAL] F. A. CUNNINGHAM, Notary Public.  
(My commission expires January 11, 1915.)

### EXPLANATION OF MINIMUM WAGE AND EIGHT-HOUR LAW IN RELATION TO STREET WORK.

Some effort has been made recently to mislead a portion of the public by statements to the effect that it is possible for the city to compel street contractors to pay wages of \$2.50 or \$3.00 per day and to require them to conform to the provisions of the eight hour labor law. There are some in this community who contend that the city has such powers. They say that a provision requiring the payment of such wages can be inserted in the specifications, and that all contractors will bid with knowledge of the minimum wage specified. They do not stop to realize that the legislature of California has not given boards of trustees of cities of the sixth class, which is the class of our city, any such authority. Inasmuch as cities have only those powers expressly granted by the legislature, such power can not exist without authority.

Where such a provision concerning the amount of daily wages is inserted in the specifications it is wholly unlawful. The property owner whose property fronts upon a street which is improved under specifications containing such a clause has a right to complain because the payment of such a daily wage would raise the cost of his portion of the improvement. He can successfully resist the collection of an assessment made under such circumstances, because it is void. No contractor who has been awarded a contract for doing street work, which will run into many thousands of dollars, can be safe in signing a contract when there is such a provision in the specifications. It matters not that all contractors bidding on the job have had notice of such a wage clause. Because of their knowledge of it, the presumption is that they will add to the amount of the bids accordingly. But when they become fully advised about the law regarding such wage provisions, they refuse to sign the contract, because they are unwilling to risk their money upon material and labor in the face of the fact that they are most likely to lose it all. They can not be held on their bonds for the reason that under such circumstances they have a legal reason for refusing to sign the contract.

The California legislature has fixed the minimum compensation for laborers upon public work at \$2.00 per day. (See Henning's General Laws, page 1105.) Beyond this requirement the City of South San Francisco can not go in dealing with contracts done under the Vrooman Act or the Improvement Act of 1911. If the city has power to require payment in ex-

cess of this amount when the cost of the work is paid for by assessment upon the abutting property, it might require the payment of \$10.00 or \$25.00 per day.

Any property owner has the same right to avoid the payment of an assessment where the specifications provide for the payment of a daily wage of \$3.00 as he would in the case where the specifications provide for the payment of a daily wage of \$25.00.

With regard to the eight hour labor law the Court of Appeals of California has held that it does not apply to work done under the Vrooman Act for the reason that under this act the work is not paid for out of the public treasury, but by assessing the property fronting upon the improvement. Where the work is paid for directly out of the city treasury, the eight hour law must be observed, and is observed at all times in this city.

At the request of one of our citizens the matter of the minimum wage law was referred to Pacific Municipalities, the official publication of the League of California Municipalities. W. J. Locke, one of the foremost authorities in California on municipal corporation law, wrote the following letter:

League of California Municipalities.  
Ninth Floor, Pacific Building,  
San Francisco, Oct. 27, 1913.  
Mr. Geo. A. Kneese, Superintendent of Streets, South San Francisco, Cal.—  
Dear Sir: In reply to your inquiry of Oct. 27 addressed to our Mr. Mason, will say that the provision in your ordinance relating to a minimum wage of \$2.50 per day for work done by the contractors under the so-called Vrooman Act or Improvement Act of 1911 does not apply. Contractors are not required to recognize any such provision where the expense of doing the work is to be assessed on the property owners. There are several decisions covering this question. The city can not pass any ordinance which will cover the matter and compel the payment of a minimum wage.

Yours very truly,  
PACIFIC MUNICIPALITIES,  
W. J. Locke, Managing Editor.  
Each member of the board of trustees in this city has at all times been zealous in the interests of the laboring men. But the board is not all powerful and must keep within the limits of the provisions of the law. If they should make orders which exceed their lawful authority, any contractor could absolutely ignore such orders. The board could in no way interfere with the performance of a contract by attempting to enforce such groundless orders, for the courts would restrain such interference.

Some people cite San Francisco and other large cities as examples on this subject. But it must be remembered that these larger cities have special charters and in them the situation is altogether different from a small city which is governed entirely by the general law.

There are some men in this city who are endeavoring to make political capital out of this subject. They do not want the truth to become known. We think that honest and intelligent voters will be interested in seeing the truth.

The local chamber of commerce at its regular meeting last Wednesday evening adopted resolutions favoring maintaining a sixty-six foot right of way for the San Bruno or bay shore road its entire length. This action was proper and right. The importance of this highway should be considered carefully and not hurriedly by the county board of supervisors, and that body should accept nothing less than sixty-six feet from the Southern Pacific Company over its lands north of this city.

### EDITORIAL NOTES.

The best thing about the Mexican situation is that it can't get much worse.

And by the way, what has become of the old fashioned man who used to keep a scrap book.

Villa may make mistakes, but he doesn't worry over them—that's certain.

More than three hundred cities have established commission form of government. To this writing not one of them has gone back to the old form.

One of the most beautiful things in domestic life is the equanimity with which you can let your wife doubt your word without wanting to know who says you're a liar.

## SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO METHODIST CHURCH

Last Sunday the pastor, the Rev. C. N. Bertels, preached on the love of God. His text was taken from John 3:16, "For God so loved the world." He said in part:

Nicodemus was a Jewish scholar and a ruler among the Jews, but he was ignorant of the essential truth regarding the Kingdom of God, namely, "Except a man be born from above he cannot see the Kingdom of God." He came by night to see Jesus and perhaps to advise him regarding the best method of procedure in his prophetic work, but Jesus began to instruct him in spiritual things and enunciated to him the supreme and all-powerful motive for all right doing, the love of God for man: "For God so loved the world that He gave His only begotten son that whosoever believeth on him should not perish, but have everlasting life."

Henry Drummond has told us that love is the greatest thing in the world, that it is the "summum bonum" of earthly endeavor. Faith is a mighty spiritual force which has done great things. The eleventh chapter of the Hebrews tells us of the many things wrought in the past by faith. But Paul says, "Thou I speak with the tongue of men and of angels, and have not love, I am become sounding brass, or a clanging cymbal. And if I have the gift of prophecy, and know all mysteries and all knowledge; and if I have all faith, so as to remove mountains, but have not love, I am nothing. And if I bestow all my goods to feed the poor, and if I give my body to be burned, but have not love, it profiteth me nothing. But now abideth faith, hope, love, these three; but the greatest of these is love."

Where shall we look to see the love of God revealed? We may look to the natural order of the world, and there we shall find a thousand gifts of God to man which could have come from none other than a benevolent hand. The sun shines upon the evil and upon the good, and the rains water the earth and make it bud and blossom with beauty and food. But God also makes the thunder and the lightning and the earthquake and the tempest which destroy life and property. And so our vision of the love of God is clouded. We may search the Jewish Scriptures in the Old Testament, and, indeed, we find manifold tokens of the loving kindness and mercy of the Lord; but the prevailing note of that revelation is one of law and is well reflected in the words of Paul when he says, "For our God is a consuming fire." The majesty of the Almighty is the dominant note of the Jehovah of the Old Testament.

We must look to the revelation of the love of God in Christ to know completely how very near the heart of God the human race really is. Sacrifice is always the highest evidence of love. God has made the supreme sacrifice in giving his own son to die upon the cross for us. Christ gave up his place in glory to come to earth in the incarnation, live among men, suffer and die an ignominious death, in order that the love of God might be revealed to man.

Carrie K. was a wayward girl, sent to the Bedford Reformatory for misconduct. But she was unmanageable, and the attendants did not know what to do with her. When asked why she was so wilful, she said she could not help it. Her early training had been conducted by means of unfulfilled threats, and she had grown more and more wilful and hardened. One night late when the ward attendants could do nothing with her, and she was unusually wilful and wicked, at their wits' end they sent for Miss D., the matron. Tired from overwork, but ever ready to help, she came and tried to calm the girl into obedience, but failed. She sank down upon the floor, and began to cry bitter tears. When Carrie saw the tears, she was amazed, and cried, "Oh, Miss D., what is the matter?" Miss D. said, "I am crying because you won't let me do anything for you. Oh, if you only would be good." This was enough. The girl's heart was broken. She said, "Nobody ever cried for me before. Take off the hand-cuffs. You'll have no more trouble with me." They were remov-

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REAL ESTATE

702 Market Street, San Francisco

312 Linden Avenue, South San Francisco

### South San Francisco Properties California Ranches for Sale and Exchange

ed. Miss D. threw her arms about the girl's neck and kissed her. Miss D. then returned to her room. Carrie retired in silence, and that was the last trouble she caused, but became a useful member of the institution and later a respected and useful member of society and the queen of a home of her own. Love triumphed where all else failed.

God not only loved the world, but He so loved the world that He withheld not His most precious treasure in order that He might redeem those whom He loved.

Subject of to-morrow's (Sunday) sermon: "The Two Ways."

On Sunday night will begin a series of special Gospel meetings which will continue every night except Saturday. The pastor will be assisted in the preaching and the singing, and a large attendance is desired.

Sunday school, 10:30 a. m.

Epworth League, 6:45 p. m.

Prayer service, 7:30 p. m.

Prayer meeting, Wednesday, 7:30 p. m.

Junior Epworth League, Friday, 3:30 p. m.

Everybody welcome.

## TEAMSTERS ORGANIZED

The teamsters of this city have organized a union, Local No. 173, with eighteen charter members. The union was instituted by a representative of Local No. 160, San Mateo, on March 21, 1914. Following are the officers of the new union: A. F. Schmidt, president; D. Reardon, vice-president; Thos. Quinn, secretary-treasurer; Wm. J. Hughes, financial secretary; Peter Doyle, conductor; Mel Akins, warden; Wm. J. Hughes, J. Quinn, C. W. Pullen, trustees. The organization meets every Tuesday evening in Fireman's Hall, Grand avenue.

### FORESTS NOTES.

The Canadian forestry association, which recently met in Ottawa, has selected Halifax, Nova Scotia, for its next annual meeting place.

The stringent requirement of the forest service that all sheep be dipped before entering the national forests has practically eradicated scabies on those areas.

The lumbermen of Maine in 1900 originated in this country the use of mountain lookout towers with telephone connections for the prompt location and suppression of forest fires.

A California firm is selling eucalyptus charcoal at \$24 a ton, as against \$20 a ton for oak charcoal. Since most of the California-grown eucalyptus do not make good lumber, uses for other products of the tree are being sought.

Fifteen small sawmills are cutting timber from the Powell national forest in southern Utah, more than 100 miles from the nearest railroad. They are run by settlers during time that can be spared from the crops, and supply local needs, since there is no opportunity to ship timber in or out.

For Sale—Pure bred Buff Leghorn eggs. \$1.00 a dozen. Mrs. W. Hyland, 417 Linden avenue. Advt.

## Just Arrived

A Complete Stock of  
**New Spring Styles**

—OF—

**L. A. Crossett and W. B. Douglas**  
**SHOES**

Standard Price Goods

**Dowd's Shoe Store**

### FRATERNAL DIRECTORY.

Francis Drake Lodge, No. 376, F. & A. M., meets at Metropolitan Hall first Friday every month for stated meetings. E. N. Brown, Master. H. F. Minglehoff, Secretary.

South San Francisco Lodge, No. 850, The Fraternal Brotherhood, meets every 2d and 4th Mondays in Lodge Hall. W. C. Schneider, President. Leon DeLange, Secretary.

Tippecanoe Tribe No. 111, I. O. R. M., meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock in Metropolitan Hall. Visiting Bros. welcome. P. L. Kauffmann, Sachem. G. E. Kiessling, Chief of Records.

South City Aerie No. 1473, F. O. E., meets every Tuesday evening in Metropolitan Hall at 8 p. m. Oswald Lockhart, Worthy President. Geo. A. Kneese, Secretary. Visiting brothers welcome.

San Mateo Lodge, No. 7, Journeymen Butchers, P. and B. A., meets every 1st and 3d Mondays in the Lodge Hall, at 7:30 p. m. Peter Lind, President. J. E. Sullivan, Secretary.

### PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

Phone Main 222

**IVAN W. KEITH, M. D.**

Physician and Surgeon

Office Hours: 2 to 4, 6:30 to 8 p. m.

403 Grand Ave. South San Francisco.

**Dr. J. C. McGovern**

DENTIST

Office: Kauffmann Building

South San Francisco, San Mateo Co., Cal.

**DR. H. G. PLYMIRE**

Surgeon

Hours: 1 to 4 and 7 to 8 p. m.

Office, 500 Grand Avenue, South S. F.

**J. W. COLEBERD**

ATTORNEY AT LAW

Scuth San Francisco, San Mateo Co. Cal.

### POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

**GEORGE H. BUCK**

(Incumbent) Candidate for

**SUPERIOR JUDGE**

San Mateo County

Primary Election, August 25, 1914

**W. G. SAWIN**

Single Tax Candidate for

**COUNTY ASSESSOR**

Lower Taxation on Improvements. Higher on Vacant Land. Somers System of Assessments.

**J. H. MANSFIELD**

(Incumbent) Candidate for

**SHERIFF**

Primary Election, August 25, 1914.

**J. J. SHIELDS**

Candidate for

**COUNTY AUDITOR**

Primary Election, August 25, 1914.

## "The Hub"

CHAS. GUIDI, Prop.

See our excellent line of women's and young misses' spring hats, at reasonable prices.

313-315 GRAND AVE.

South San Francisco

**Expert Hair Cutting, Hot Baths, Razors Honed**

—AT—

**METROPOLITAN BARBER SHOP**



## "CLEAN-UP WEEK" IN REDWOOD CITY

The city council and civic organizations of Redwood City, acting in compliance with Governor Johnson's proclamation, have set apart next week, from Monday to Saturday, as "Clean-Up Week."

The board of trustees has decided to make it easy for everybody to join in the general house-cleaning and the following schedule has been arranged for the week:

Monday and Tuesday—Clean up back yards.

Wednesday and Thursday—Front yards and sidewalks.

Friday—Clean up the adjoining vacant lot.

Saturday—Mend the shed and fence and whitewash same.

If not convenient to follow the schedule given above, clean up anyway.

The town will furnish free of charge every day, garbage wagons and all the citizen will have to do is put his garbage on the sidewalk and it will be hauled away.

Whitewash will also be supplied free at the corporation yard to all who desire it.

The Boy Scouts will distribute circulars telling of "Clean-Up Week" and it is requested that they be allowed to inspect back yards and report to their head officer so that the committee may have an idea of how many wagons will be needed to carry off the refuse.

The representatives of the civic bodies in Redwood City are:

George A. Deleau, city council.

J. C. Dickey, street superintendent.

J. N. Winter, fire department.

Mrs. George Merrill, San Mateo County Center of the California Civic League.

Charles G. Landscheit, Redwood Highlands and Wellesley Park Improvement Club.

R. F. Chilcott, Board of Trade.

Mrs. A. S. Kalenborn, Park Commission.

Mrs. Arthur M. Porter, Woman's Club.

## PANORAMIC VIEW OF YOSEMITE NATIONAL PARK.

A panoramic view of Yosemite National Park, showing the characteristic features of the landscape, has just been issued by direction of Secretary Lape. This panorama shows in a striking manner the gradual rise in the elevation of the country from the western boundary of the park to the eastern boundary along the crest of the Sierra Nevada, and the sudden drop to the level area of the Great Basin. Eight colors were used in the printing, the meadows and valleys being in light green, the streams and lakes in light blue, the cliffs and ridges in combinations of colors in order to give the hazy effect characteristic of the region, and the roads in light brown. The lettering is printed in light brown, which is easily read on close inspection, but which merges into the basic colors when the sheet is held at some distance. The panorama is surrounded by a gray border in order to make an effective background. This view, which may be purchased from the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington, D. C., for 25 cents, measures 18½ by 18 inches, and is on the scale of 3 miles to the inch. It is based on accurate surveys and gives an excellent idea of the configuration of the surface as it would appear to a person moving over it in an aeroplane.

## SAN FRANCISCO MADE REGIONAL BANK CITY

San Francisco will be one of the twelve regional reserve banking cities to be formed under the new currency law. The announcement was made officially in Washington Thursday. The San Francisco reserve bank will represent 514 national banks, with an aggregate capital of \$8,115,524, and the territory to be served includes the states of California, Washington, Oregon, Idaho, Nevada, Utah and all of Arizona except six counties.

New Spring Ties, 50 cents, at Schneider's. Advt.

## JOS. J. BULLOCK ACCIDENTALLY SHOT

Jos. J. Bullock, former district attorney of this county, accidentally shot himself in the left arm Saturday while unloading a shotgun, necessitating amputation between the elbow and shoulder.

While preparing to go on a hunt with Ex-Sheriff Robert S. Chatham, Bullock attempted to "break open" a loaded gun and extract the shells. It slipped from his grasp and the triggers caught in a twig, causing the gun to explode, the charge entering Bullock's left arm near the elbow, shattering the bone. Chatham rendered what assistance he could, utilizing a rope for a tourniquet, thus stopping the loss of blood. A passing automobile brought Chatham and Bullock to the Huling sanitarium, Redwood City, where Drs. Ross and Chapin were in attendance and decided it was necessary to immediately amputate the arm. With amazing fortitude Bullock bore himself manfully all the time after the accident, and when the operation was performed, objected at first to taking an anesthetic. His objection was overcome, however, and the operation performed.

The accident occurred at the Chatham ranch in the Canyada, near the upper Crystal Springs lake, and it was providential that an automobile came along when it did, for the location is a retired one, and if compelled to use a wagon, the trip might have been too much for the injured man.

It has been reported that in consequence of the accident the divorce suit which had been instituted between Bullock and his wife has been abandoned, and the two have become reconciled. As soon as Mrs. Bullock learned of the accident she came to the bedside of her husband and has since been with him constantly.

At last accounts Mr. Bullock's condition was slowly improving.

## TWO INQUESTS HELD IN SAN MATEO BY CORONER PLYMIRE.

Two inquests were held by Coroner Harry G. Plymire Wednesday night at Sneider's undertaking establishment in San Mateo.

In the case of James O. Long of Burlingame, the jury returned a verdict that death was due to "a gunshot wound inflicted with suicidal intent."

In the case of Alexander Green, whose body was found in a field near the MacRorie-McLaren nurseries Wednesday, the jury decided that death was caused by "acute alcoholism."

## EL CAMINO REAL BELL

The movement to instal an El Camino Real bell on Mission road in this city is being considered favorably by our citizens. Its location will probably be at the junction of the new Grand avenue extension, when it is completed, and Mission road. It is necessary to raise a fund to pay for the bell and its installation. All contributions to this fund should be given to Mrs. W. J. Martin, treasurer. All amounts from 25 cents up will be received. Citizens of South San Francisco, show your pride in your home city by contributing to this movement.

## Wronging Another.

No man in the world ever attempted to wrong another without being injured in return—some way, somehow, some time. The only weapon of offense that nature seems to recognize is the boomerang.

When a girl is really trying to catch a man, she gets him to go shopping with her, and then makes most of her purchases in the 10-cent store.

Vice-President Marshall suggests as a remedy for the divorce evil that a husband kiss his wife every day. But suppose she is too busy pouting.

Gardening—The undersigned does all kinds of gardening, pruning and grafting in a first-class manner. Leave orders with P. Ruiz at Baden Cash Store. George Delia. Advt.

## OHIO WINES ARE BARRED FROM USE

### Millions of Gallons Taken Off Market

A ruling of the Treasury Department of the Federal Government that the use of mash in the pomace wines of Ohio will be prohibited after May 1st will take off the market 5,000,000 to 6,000,000 gallons of dry wines heretofore produced in that State, and will create a demand for a like supply of California wines to fill the void. Such is the statement of the State Viticultural Commission.

This ruling comes as a result of the fight made by the dry wine interests of Ohio to have a tax of \$1.20 a gallon levied upon brandy used in fortifying sweet wines. The winemakers of California protested vigorously against this tax, and defeated it in Congress, and in the debate the facts concerning the manufacture of the Ohio wines were brought out.

A cut from 75 to 55 cents a hundred-weight in the freight tariff on wine in glass, boxed or in barrels from California terminal points to the New York piers has been announced by the Southern Pacific. The routing will be over the Sunset route and the Morgan lines (Southern Railway) from New Orleans to the Atlantic Coast.

This encouragement to the wine men, following close on the announcement of a market of 6,000,000 gallons of dry wines as a result of the Treasury ruling on the so-called Ohio wines, means that the industry will be placed upon a more profitable basis than ever before. For months an effort has been made by the wine men of this and other sections of California to obtain a reduction in rail rates on wine to the New York terminals, and the answer of the Southern Pacific has been a greater cut than was requested.

Previously all wine had been moved by the American-Hawaiian Steamship Company with a thirty-five-day delivery; but the low rate with the fifteen-day delivery will make it impossible for the water lines to compete.

About 500 carloads of wines, with a minimum varying between 26,000 and 30,000 pounds, are sent each season from the Sacramento district alone. The saving to shippers will amount to \$26,000 for Sacramento alone.

## SUMMER MEDICAL COURSE PROMISED

Stanford University is taking steps to make the facilities of its medical school in San Francisco available for advanced study by practicing physicians and surgeons of the West during the summer months, while the regular students are away on vacation. A summer session will be held for the six weeks between July 6th and August 15th, at which more than twenty courses will be offered by members of the regular faculty.

The plan to throw the resources of the medical school open to the medical profession during the summer rather than have them unproductive for educational purposes during the university vacation period originated with the medical faculty and was proposed by Dean R. L. Wilbur of the medical school to the Stanford trustees, who approved of the idea. The twenty-two courses that are offered cover virtually the whole field of medicine, and the schedule is so mapped out that a physician can take several courses without conflict.

Fees will be charged, regulated by the cost of the materials and the time required in the preparation and presentation of the work. The size of most of the classes will be limited to from six to ten men. Such summer courses as this often are offered by the leading European medical schools, but seldom have been available in the United States, Harvard and Johns Hopkins being virtually the only schools to attempt it.

A set of thirty-seven Greek surgical instruments, probably of the first or second century A. D., though possibly before the Christian era, are now in London on the way to Johns Hopkins University, to which they have been presented. All except two of the instruments are of bronze. They include trephining instruments, knives, forceps, catheters and cupping vessels.

The Rockefeller Institute of Medical Research announced that John D. Rockefeller had added \$1,000,000 to the general endowment fund of the institution, to be devoted to the study of animal diseases, and that James J. Hill had pledged \$50,000, to be used specifically for the investigation of hog cholera.



This novel chapeau is carried out in shades of red. The hat is of tagal straw, the moire ribbon ruching being adjusted to simulate a cock's comb.

## In Good Company.

A contemporary wants to know what's become of the old fashioned man who used to say, "I says, says I."

When last seen he was standing on a street corner in close conversation with the old fashioned man who says, "Sezee to me, sezee."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

## Send for Your Folks

### LOW RATES

From Eastern Points to  
California

On Sale from March 15th to April 15th

## HOMESEEEKERS' ROUND-TRIP EXCURSION

TO

### PRINCIPAL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA

Tickets sold on first and third Tuesdays in February, March and April, 1914

You can deposit your money with any Southern Pacific agent, and tickets will be placed by wire without extra cost. Inquire of any agent. G. W. Holston, Agent. E. Shillingsburg, Dist. Pass., No. 40 East Clara street, San Jose, Cal.

## SOUTHERN PACIFIC

## To the Laborer and the Investor

Do you know that South San Francisco real estate is the best investment in California to-day? Buy a few lots now and you will soon be in the well-to-do class. See us about building. We can save you money.

## E. E. CUNNINGHAM & CO.

Real Estate and Fire Insurance

Postoffice Building

South San Francisco

## E. E. JORGENSEN

CONTRACTOR and BUILDER

Estimates given for all kinds of Carpenter work. Repairing Done in a First Class Manner.

LINDEN HOTEL, 210 Linden Avenue,

South San Francisco, Cal.

PHONE 413

## Bungalows Designed

To suit your taste, and built on the installment plan For further particulars call on

## A. B. CAVANAUGH

Builder and Designer. Modern Bungalows a Specialty. Attention Given to All Kinds of Carpenter Work.

412 Baden Avenue

South San Francisco

Phone 523

## Who's Your Tailor?

Trade Mark. Reg. 1908 by Ed. V. Price & Co

The Spring and Summer Woolens recently sent us by

## Ed. V. Price & Co.

Are the prettiest ever shown in this town.

## Select Yours To-day

And have your Spring Clothes made up for Easter.

## W. C. SCHNEIDER

227 Grand Av. South San Francisco

### SUMMONS.

In the Superior Court of the County of San Mateo, State of California. J. C. EIKERENKOTTER, Plaintiff, vs. WILLIAM GASSERT, Defendant. Action brought in the Superior Court of the County of San Mateo, State of California, and the complaint filed in said county of San Mateo in the office of the Clerk of said Superior Court.

J. W. Colebert, Attorney for Plaintiff. The People of the State of California. Send Greeting to William Gassert, Defendant.

You are hereby required to appear in an action brought against you by the above named plaintiff, in the Superior Court of the County of San Mateo, State of California, and answer the complaint filed therein within ten days (exclusive of the day of service) after the service on you of this summons, if served within said county; if served elsewhere within thirty days.

And you are hereby notified that if you fail to so appear and answer, the plaintiff will take judgment for any money or damages demanded in the complaint as arising upon contract, or will apply to the court for any other relief demanded in the complaint.

Witness my hand and the Seal of the Superior Court of the County of San Mateo, State of California, this 29th day of January, A. D. 1914.

JOS. H. NASH, Clerk. 1-31-10t

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## South San Francisco RAILROAD TIME TABLE

Jan. 4, 1914.

### BAY SHORE CUTOFF.

#### NORTHBOUND TRAINS LEAVE

6:08 a. m.

(Except Sunday)

7:03 a. m.

(Except Sunday)

7:16 a. m.

7:42 a. m.

(Except Sunday)

8:03 a. m.

(Except Sunday)

8:24 a. m.

(Sunday only)

8:44 a. m.

(Except Sunday)

9:23 a. m.

9:53 a. m.

11:23 a. m.

1:07 p. m.

3:42 p. m.

5:14 p. m.

5:32 p. m.

7:04 p. m.

7:28 p. m.

8:12 p. m.

(Except Saturday and Sunday)

11:39 p. m.

(Saturday and Sunday)

#### SOUTHBOUND TRAINS LEAVE

6:47 a. m.

7:22 a. m.

8:28 a. m.

10:58 a. m.

11:58 a. m.

1:37 p. m.

3:17 p. m.

4:37 p. m.

5:24 p. m.

(Except Sunday)

5:58 p. m.

6:25 p. m.

(Except Sunday)

6:47 p. m.

8:28 p. m.

10:22 p. m.

12:02 p. m.

(Theatre Train)

### POST OFFICE.

Post Office open from 7 a. m. to 6 p. m. Sundays, 8 a. m. to 9 a. m. Money order office open from 7 a. m. to 6 p. m. Mails leave Post Office twenty minutes before trains.

#### MAILS DISPATCHED.

South, 6:02 a. m.

North, 8:03 a. m.

South, 11:57 a. m.

North, 12:13 p. m.

South, 2:18 p. m.

North, 3:41 p. m.

North, 7:03 p. m.

#### MAILS RECEIVED.

North, 6:02 a. m.

North, 11:57 a. m.

South, 12:13 p. m.

North, 2:18 p. m.

South, 3:41 p. m.

E. E. CUNNINGHAM, P. M.

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## CONCRETE POLES COMING.

Toronto Already Has Twenty-five Thousand in City Streets.

"Although re-enforced concrete poles have been the subject of experiment from time to time for a great many years, it is comparatively recently," says a writer in the Electrical World, "that they have been employed or even seriously considered. The high and constantly increasing cost of wooden poles, their comparatively short life, with consequent prospective renewal at greater expense, as well as the demand of the public for the beautification of city streets, render the consideration of concrete pole construction desirable for overhead systems."

"A number of successful installations of concrete poles have been made in the last five or six years on this continent and in Europe. The largest pole installation at present is that of 25,000 concrete poles set up in connection with the municipal street lighting and general light and power distribution of the hydroelectric system in Toronto."

"The appearance of an overhead installation can be greatly improved by using a pole of neat and uniform construction, such as is obtainable by the use of concrete. With a suitable lighting system and arrangement for overhead a pleasing and ornamental effect can be obtained at substantially the same cost as when wooden poles are used, and there is also the prospective saving in maintenance expense."

## BUILDING A TOWN TO ORDER.

Chicago Men Will Provide Modern Homes For Miners.

A new town is being established by two citizens of Chicago, mainly as a place of residence for the miners of a coal mining property recently placed in operation near the town site and a large electric power station. They represent the Peabody Coal company and the Central Illinois Public Service company.

While the purpose of the enterprise is commercial, it is being carried out on modern lines in regard to planning, public utilities, housing and sociological conditions. At the same time care has been taken to avoid mere beautification and to keep the practical purposes and limitations of the project strictly in mind. For this purpose frequent consultations were had with John Mitchell of the Miners' union.

This new town, which has been named Kincaid, is in the southwestern part of the state, about twenty miles south of Springfield, or 200 miles south of Chicago and 100 miles north of St. Louis. The distinct and interesting feature of this enterprise is the application of practical town planning ideas for an average population in a mining district.—Engineering News.

## PLANNING FOR THE FUTURE.

In every pursuit of life we acknowledge the necessity of planning for the future. Preparedness is just as necessary for large groups of people as for an individual. City planning simply means getting ready for the future in city growth. It is the guidance into proper channels of a community's impulses toward a larger and broader life. On its face it has to do with things physical—the laying out of streets and parks and rapid transit lines. But its real significance is far deeper. A proper city plan has a powerful influence for good upon the mental and moral development of the people. It is the firm base for the building of a healthy and happy community.—George McAneny.

## Broke Up the Game.

Willie finally persuaded his aunt to play train with him. The chairs were arranged in line, and he issued orders: "Now you be the engineer, and I'll be the conductor. Lend me your watch, and get up into the cab." Then he hurried down the platform, timepiece in hand. "Pull out, there, you red headed, pale faced jay!" he shouted. "Why, Willie!" his aunt exclaimed in amazement.

"That's right; chew the rag!" he retorted. "Pull out! We're five minutes late already!"

They have had to forbid his playing down by the tracks.—Everybody's.

## Neck Shaving an Old Custom.

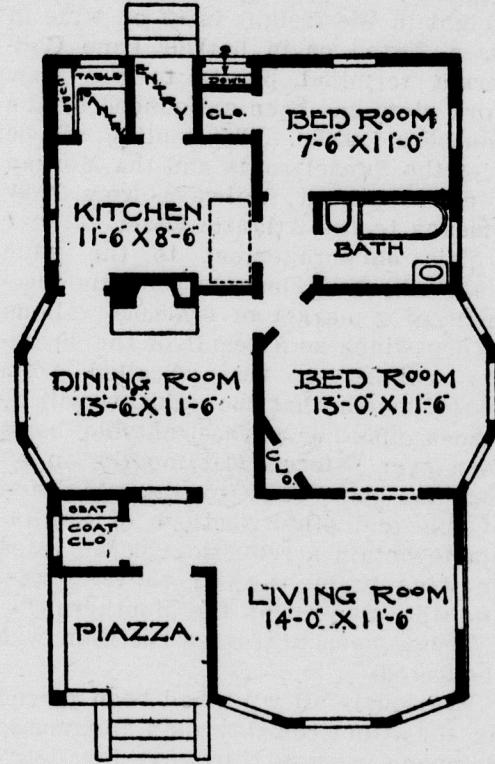
A study of the many necks to be seen on the walls of the National Portrait gallery enables one to state that the custom of neck shaving, although said to have been imported from America, was undoubtedly known and most likely popular in the days of Agincourt. The portrait of Henry V. shows quite clearly that his neck was shaved, and, if the king did it, it must have been fashionable.—London Cor. New York Sun.

## AN ATTRACTIVE SMALL BUNGALOW.

Design 760, by Glenn L. Saxton, Architect, Minneapolis, Minn.



PERSPECTIVE VIEW—FROM A PHOTOGRAPH



FLOOR PLAN.

## PHYSICAL COURAGE.

At 2 o'clock in the Morning is the Time to Test It.

It is at 2 o'clock in the morning that man's vitality is at its lowest ebb; all the physical forces are then at their lowest ebb, and every military man of experience knows that the "2 o'clock courage" counts. He knows that if a soldier is really brave at that hour he need never fear of his becoming a coward, as he is really a remarkable man.

A well fed man will fight better than a half starved man, whether he be civilian or soldier. And this is the same principle as the so called "2 o'clock bravery," for the half starved man lacks vitality, just as the average man lacks vitality at 2 o'clock in the morning.

If you are anxious to know just how brave you are make the test some morning at 2, when you hear burglars in your house. If you crawl under the bedclothes you are probably quite a normal man, but if you rise boldly from your bed, grasp the nearest weapon and sally forth to meet the robbers you are indeed a brave man and should be proud of yourself.

Any veteran of some great war will tell you that the most difficult test of courage is to be aroused from his sleep by the shrill blast of bugle and long roll of drums and ordered to charge an enemy unseen or only dimly seen at 2 o'clock in the morning. Marching into battle under the bright sunlight is not so difficult, and the seasoned veteran enjoys the thrill, but even the most hardened veteran feels "creepy" and uneasy turning out at 2 o'clock in the morning to meet the enemy amid the shadows of night, and this is solely because of a natural physical weakness at that hour and has nothing whatever to do with that mental weakness called "cowardice."—New York American.

## Pulpit Postscript.

On one occasion when Dr. Spooner, warden of New college, Oxford, who was always getting his speech mixed, was preaching away from Oxford he astonished his congregation by his frequent allusion, in the course of a very learned sermon, to the views of Aristotle. They were all wondering whether it was quite proper to introduce so much about a heathen philosopher into a Christian discourse when the doctor, who had finished the sermon and was halfway down the pulpit steps, turned back and, ascending the pulpit once more, remarked gravely and deliberately, "I think I ought to say that wherever in the course of my remarks I have mentioned Aristotle I meant St. Paul."—Pall Mall Gazette.

## Notes of Sympathy.

A note of sympathy should be sent to friends in whose family death has occurred.

Here is a very attractive little bungalow. Rooms all well arranged. Two bedrooms and a good sized bath. A living room with bay window across the front. There is also a bay window on the dining room side. Good sized kitchen and small pantry. There is a full basement under the entire house. First story, 9 feet. Size 24 feet wide and 38 feet deep. Birch or red oak finish throughout first story, with white maple or birch floors. Cost to build, exclusive of heating and plumbing, \$1,900.

Upon receipt of \$1 the publisher of this paper will supply a copy of Saxton's book of plans, "American Dwellings." It contains about 250 up to date designs of cottages, bungalows and residences costing from \$1,000 to \$6,000.

Excepting in the case of intimate friends this note is even more acceptable than a personal call. In the case of mere acquaintances the sending of a calling card takes the place of a note.

## Garden Specializing.

It is a good plan, so a successful amateur gardener has said, to try one new annual every year. Perhaps you may not care for the plant again. Perhaps it may not be just what you expected, but if you really do find one or more that seem to thrive particularly well in some spot, stick to those and try them year after year.

Try to improve on them, so that you will have some specialty which, after awhile, you will consider as your own flower. We can never give up all the old favorites, nor make up our minds to grow only roses or sweet peas or pansies, but by making a specialty of roses or pansies or sweet peas and studying their needs we shall develop at least one really valuable flower among the mass of blooms in our gardens.

## Friezes Out of Style.

It is much better to have a picture molding close up to the ceiling unless the walls of a room are more than eight and a half or nine feet high. If above that drop the ceiling paper down a foot or so to the picture rail. The old time deep border or frieze is seldom seen now, and it is a great improvement doing the walls this newer way. Satin striped paper in two tones of the same color is very good, especially for bedrooms. Pink is apt to fade as well as very light blue.

## Popular Sleeve Lengths.

It is said that seven-eighths length sleeves are to be popular in the spring. These will probably be welcomed by the woman who has been spoiled for long sleeves by the long reign of the short sleeve—certainly the most comfortable sort to wear. The seven-eighths sleeves may seem a bit awkward in appearance until we get used to them. A full length sleeve or else one not much below the elbow is usually more becoming.

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## A ROYAL MARRIAGE

How a Prince Went Incognito For His Bride

By JOHN Y. LARNED

Many years ago, before the modern methods of transmission came into vogue, the Crown Prince Boris of Barataria became betrothed to Wilhelmina of Altruria. Soon after the betrothal it was arranged that the princess should come to Barataria to be married, a deputation being sent to her father's capital to bring her. Now, it occurred to Prince Boris that he would like to go with the deputation incognito and observe the princess.

Prince Boris had a cousin, Prince Paul. Paul was an orphan and had been brought up by his uncle, King Carl, side by side with Boris. Paul, though a manly fellow, was very amiable; Boris, arrogant and dictatorial.

Boris, having determined to accompany the deputation, fixed upon Paul to represent him in bringing the princess to Barataria.

The cousins started at the head of a retinue every person of which was pledged to keep the secret. When they approached the capital of Altruria, Paul rode ahead of the others as the crown prince's representative, the crown prince himself taking position among the hindmost.

On reaching the capital the deputation were given apartments in the palace, and when they had been refreshed, headed by Prince Paul, they were led to an audience chamber, where they were received by the royal family, including the Princess Wilhelmina. There Paul presented his credentials. While he was reading the paper the princess was watching him, and, though she concealed her feelings, a wish was born in her that the crown prince's representative might be the prince himself. Paul had about him



"THEY HAVE PROCLAIMED YOU THEIR SOVEREIGN."

a quiet dignity mixed with modesty. He was well formed, handsome, and his voice was melodious. The truth is that the princess fell in love with him at sight. As for Prince Paul, his eyes were on the paper he was reading. At the end of his address he said that he was ready to escort the bride to his master's capital whenever she was ready to set forth.

When the princess heard these last words she resolved that she would not be in any hurry to depart. Having never seen the man she was to marry, she naturally shrank from going to him. She did not realize that the spark of love for his representative kindled in her heart was a great danger and liable to breed trouble. She was very young and not inclined to prudence. A pet of her father, King Ludwig, she had great influence over him, but in matters of state, one of which was the choice of a husband, she knew that she would not be permitted to exercise her own sweet will.

Yet the princess was no fool. Desiring to delay her departure for Barataria, she told her father that she wished certain guarantees that had not been mentioned in the marriage contract and asked him to send an embassy to the count of Barataria to demand them. This, of course, would keep Prince Paul and his suit in Altruria till the matter was adjusted. King

## NEWS of the MOVIES



Norma Phillips, "Our Mutual Girl."

MISS NORMA PHILLIPS, who plays leading roles for Mutual films and is known as "Our Mutual Girl," is now doing weekly reels, or chapters, on life in New York city. They are true to life and interesting.

Lillian Gish and Blanche Sweet are among the most beautiful young women engaged in motion picture work. They are under twenty years of age and at one time or another played child parts on the legitimate stage. They appear in Reliance films.

Rorke's Drift, one of the most celebrated battles in English history, has been made the subject of a two reel drama by Edison. In the actual fight 4,000 Zulus were held at bay by a company of eighty British soldiers whom they attacked. When preparing to make this film down in Jacksonville Fla., Director Ridgely could not get to

Ludwig objected, but since his daughter's demands were not important and sure to be granted yielded to her request. The princess' education had been in the care of an old professor, Marxman, to whom she was devoted and who was devoted to her. He had been at one time a member of the king's cabinet and was a shrewd diplomat. Wilhelmina insisted that he be made chief of the embassy, and she asked him to keep an eye open in her interest with a view to discovering if there was any reason why her marriage with Prince Boris would be unfortunate either for her country or for her.

While Prince Boris' deputation was waiting for the return of Professor Marxman's embassy the Princess Wilhelmina was unconsciously showing a marked preference for Prince Paul. Boris saw it and upbraided his cousin, accusing him of attempting to win her heart. Paul, who considered any such attempt dishonorable, forthwith treated the princess with marked coolness. He could not have chosen a better way to win her for himself. Wilhelmina, piqued, resolved that she would bring to her feet this man who spurned her.

The embassy to Barataria was absent much longer than had been expected. The princess was not sorry. Being in love, marriage with a man she had never seen was repulsive to her, and a hope sprang within her that her tutor would discover some reason prejudicial to the interests of Altruria why her union with Prince Boris should not take place.

Meanwhile the crown prince was attempting to force himself on the notice of his betrothed, but to his chagrin she gave every evidence that he was distasteful to her. He abused Paul, who, his position being a burden to him, asked to be relieved and sent back to Barataria. His request was granted only too willingly, but when he announced his withdrawal Wilhelmina persuaded her father to state that such an act would be considered an insult and unless he remained to carry out the purpose for which he had been sent the betrothal would be annulled.

There was nothing for Prince Boris to do but order his cousin to await the return of the embassy from Barataria. It arrived soon after the proposed departure of Prince Paul, and Professor Marxman reported directly to the king, with whom he was closeted for a long period. The Princess Wilhelmina was called into the conference. When she came out her face was aglow with a happy excitement.

It was known that the additional guarantees asked for had been granted by the king of Barataria, but no move was made for the departure of the princess. Another embassy was dispatched to King Carl, but its object was a secret. During its absence the people of Altruria noticed important movements of troops to the frontier. As soon as the embassy returned military supplies were hurried in large quantities to depots near the border.

One morning when Prince Boris was about to leave his apartment he found a sentry at his door. He inveighed against the indignity, but it availed nothing. All the suit except Prince



Lillian Gish.

gather a large enough force of men for the battle scenes. So he adopted the classic sandwich man as a last resort and succeeded in that way in gathering a great crowd.

A gorgeous three reel feature by the "Flying A" company under Lorimer Johnston has been evolved on the basis of Schumann's "Traumerel." The action is immense, and the interest is retained throughout the production.

The strategies of hunting wild geese in California offers a subject for a two reel picture which the California Motion Picture corporation has released.

What is probably one of the most daring attempts to use wild animals in pictures is George Kleine's latest masterpiece from the Cines studios in Rome. The title of this six part feature is "Between Savage and Tiger." Three royal Bengal tigers, brought from Calcutta to Rome for the pur-

Paul found themselves in a like position. Paul received a command to wait upon the king in his cabinet. On his arrival the king addressed him.

"I have some information with reference to your majesty—"

"Majesty?"

"Yes, majesty. My former minister, Professor Marxman, on his first visit to Barataria unearthed a conspiracy which took place when you were an infant. Your father was king of Barataria and died shortly before you were born, your mother dying at your birth. Your uncle concealed the fact that your father had left an heir and brought you up as the son of a younger brother.

"Recent acts of the usurper, Carl, have led me to prefer that the rightful heir should wield the scepter of Barataria. I have revealed the conspiracy that made your uncle king. The people of Barataria have risen and deposed Carl, and they have proclaimed you their sovereign. I am prepared to support your claims with troops, but so unanimous is the desire of your people to have you for their king that no support is needed."

Paul stood thunderstruck.

"How was all this discovered?" he asked as soon as he regained speech.

"When Marxman went to Barataria he secretly sought information concerning the affairs of the kingdom. Certain of the conspirators who had helped to place your uncle on the throne and had of late not received as much preferment as they coveted gave Marxman a clew by which he learned the whole plot."

It was some time before Paul could be convinced that he should return to Barataria as king. He was decided by the arrival of a deputation of the nobles of Barataria, who knelt before him as their sovereign and begged him to return and assume the reins of government, representing that if he refused anarchy would ensue. Before he set out on his journey King Ludwig asked for his wishes concerning the embassy he had headed.

"Free them and assure my cousin that I have had nothing to do with this great change."

"Are there any other matters on which you wish to consult me before your departure?"

"I wish only to say that I sincerely trust that the two kingdoms we rule shall be always friendly."

"The best way to do that," replied Ludwig, "is by marriage. I offer you the hand of my oldest daughter, Hildegard, the princess royal."

The prince paused before replying. "If I am to be allied to your family I see no better way than to carry out the contract made between my cousin and the Princess Wilhelmina."

"If you are satisfied, be it so."

The young king went straight to Wilhelmina from her father's cabinet. She congratulated him on justice having been done him with downcast eyes.

"Your father," he said, "has made me happy by transferring to me the contract made with my cousin."

"Perhaps," she faltered, still looking on the floor, "you would prefer another."

"Your father offered me the princess



Blanche Sweet.

pose, meet death in the manufacture of the film.

Louise Glaum has joined Harry Edwards' company at the Universal and is playing opposite Universal Ike. Miss Glaum was leading lady in the Nestor comedy company for a long time. Later she took leads with Carlyle Blackwell.

"Classmates" (K. & E. Biograph, four reels) is a film dramatization of Winchell Smith's famous play of the same name. The story is concisely told, the characters well separated and the action fast. The photography is good.

The arena scene in "The Triumph of an Emperor" (World's Film Corporation) by the Savola company actually rivals the one in "The Last Days of Pompeii," while the banquet setting and its action seem better than the one in the famous production of "Quo Vadis."

royal. I told him that I would prefer a simple princess.

She raised her eyes to his, and they sprang into each other's arms.

### A Queer Expression.

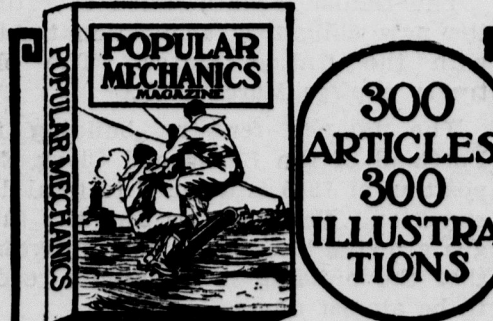
As most of you know, wild geese when they fly away in the fall of the year form themselves into lines shaped much like the letter V, the leader flying at the point and the others following the two lines. In this way they sail far above the danger line, the danger line being the hunter's gun. In olden times, when the country folk realized the happiness of these birds in their safety for their chorus of "honk, honk, honk" floated down to the cottagers and sounded joyous, they would look up and say, "Everything is lovely and the goose honks high." By and by it became natural, when two persons met each other under peculiarly favorable circumstances for this or that enterprise, for them to say, "Everything is lovely and the goose honks high," and the expression is still used. Now when you hear it you can tell your friends its origin.

### Bostonians in Good Standing.

"Yes, I had a brother in Boston once," said a Chicago lady to a Bostonian. "He was in some great musical society there, but I forget its name." "Handel and Haydn society, perhaps," suggested her visitor. "Well, I guess so. Handel and Haydn were Boston men, weren't they?"—Christian Register.

### A Starch Wrinkle.

If when making boiled starch a piece of soap is left in it will be found during the ironing process that not only will the iron slip along easily, but a beautiful glossy effect will be produced.



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### NOTICE OF GENERAL MUNICIPAL ELECTION IN THE CITY OF SOUTH SAN FRANCISCO.

Notice is hereby given that a General Municipal Election will be held in and throughout the City of South San Francisco, in the County of San Mateo, State of California, on Monday, the 13th day of April, 1914, when the following officers will be elected:

1. Member of the Board of Trustees.
2. Member of the Board of Trustees.
3. Clerk.
4. Treasurer.

Said election will be held in accordance with the general election laws of the State of California governing and so far as the same may be applicable to municipal elections in said city.

Polls will be opened at six (6) o'clock a. m. of the day of election, and will be kept open until seven (7) o'clock p. m. the same day, when the polls will be closed.

For the purposes of said election, the City of South San Francisco has been divided into two (2) municipal election precincts, known as "South San Francisco Municipal Election Precinct No. 1" and "South San Francisco Municipal Election Precinct No. 2." Said precincts are described in Ordinance No. 75 of the City of South San Francisco, passed and adopted January 19, 1914, to which reference is hereby made for further particulars.

In said South San Francisco Municipal Election Precinct No. 1 the polls shall be held in the Fire Department House at No. 415 Grand Avenue, and the election conducted by two (2) inspectors, two (2) judges and two (2) clerks, respectively hereinafter named as follows, to-wit:

Inspectors—E. W. Langenbach and Mary Robinson.

Judges—George Kiessling and Nellie Grgan.

Clerks—J. Elkerenkotter and Annie Conrad.

In said South San Francisco Municipal Election Precinct No. 2 the polls shall be held in the City Hall at No. 310 Linden Avenue and the election conducted as aforesaid by two (2) inspectors, two (2) judges and two (2) clerks, respectively hereinafter named as follows, to-wit:

Inspectors—M. Foley and Mary Mercks.

Judges—M. F. Healy and R. Harder.

Clerks—F. W. Cherry and Emma Darr.

This notice is issued this 16th day of March, 1914, by order of the Board of Trustees of the City of South San Francisco.

F. A. CUNNINGHAM  
President of the Board of Trustees of the City of South San Francisco.

WILLIAM J. SMITH  
City Clerk.

3-21-14

### TAXES 1913-14

Office of County Tax Collector  
San Mateo County.  
Redwood City, Cal., March 1st, 1914.

### Second Installment

of Taxes for the year 1913-1914 is now due and payable in my office at the County Court House at Redwood City, daily, Sundays and legal holidays excepted, up to and including Monday, April 27th, 1914, at 6 o'clock p. m. when 5 per cent will be added to all taxes remaining unpaid.

Address all communications direct to County Tax Collector at Redwood City, with reference to your County Taxes. U. S. postal money orders or checks on banks in the County of San Mateo will be accepted without exchange. Checks drawn on banks outside of San Mateo County must include exchange of ten cents on each one hundred dollars.

### A. McSWEENEY, County Tax Collector.

3-7-14

### TAXES 1913-14

Office of City Tax Collector  
City of South San Francisco

South San Francisco, Cal., March 1st, 1914.

### Second Installment

of taxes for the year 1913-1914 is now due and payable in my office at the City Hall, South San Francisco, daily, Sundays and legal holidays excepted, up to and including Monday, April 27th, 1914, at 6 o'clock p. m. when 5 per cent will be added to all taxes remaining unpaid.

Address all communications direct to the marshal, at South San Francisco, with reference to your taxes. U. S. postal money orders or checks on banks in the county of San Mateo will be accepted without exchange. Checks drawn on banks outside of San Mateo county must include exchange of ten cents on each one hundred dollars.

H. W. KNEESE,  
Marshal and ex-officio Tax Collector, City of South San Francisco. 3-14-14

### DON'T ADVERTISE

If you do not want business. Watch the man that DOES advertise and see him do the business. Wake up! Put your ad. in THE ENTERPRISE.



## SAN BRUNO NEWS.

**SAN BRUNO METHODIST CHURCH.**  
Sunday school, 10:00 a. m.  
Preaching service, 11 a. m.  
Prayer meeting, Thursday evening at 7:45.

A horse for sale. Inquire at Petersen's Grocery. Advt.

Gus Pallas and family of San Bruno moved to San Francisco the middle of the week.

Fine line of Easter cards now on sale at Petersen's Grocery. Advt.

Geo. Branch of Lomita Park went to the hospital Tuesday for an operation on his tonsils.

Mr. Harms of San Francisco is now building a home in Lomita Park and will occupy it as soon as completed.

For Sale—A good strong one-horse wagon, cheap; also a fancy horse. Apply P. Marchand, San Bruno. Advt.

Ray Maede has purchased the property he now occupies of Gus. Pallas. Next will be the wedding bells, we suppose.

Herman Laumeister of San Bruno received word Tuesday of the death of his grandson, a babe of six months. Interment at Cypress Lawn Cemetery Thursday.

M. Thorpe, a former resident of San Bruno Park, now of San Mateo, has leased Mr. Fairbanks' place in fourth addition and will occupy it the first of next week.

Mr. Jenevein, former proprietor of the old Junction House, has started the foundation for a modern up-to-date ten room house on San Mateo and Jenevein avenues.

S. Dow of San Bruno was called to Berkeley by the illness and death of his father, Captain James M. Dow. The funeral services were held at Cypress Lawn Cemetery last Tuesday.

Geo. Green and family have rented Dr. Smith's property in fourth addition. Mr. Green is a representative of the Prudential Life Insurance Co. and will make his home here for the present.

High class motion pictures at Green's Hall, San Bruno, every Sunday evening and Sunday matinee. Admission, adults 10 cents, children 5 cents. Show at 8:15 p. m., matinee 2:30 p. m. Advt.

Mr. Daggert of Humboldt county is now spending several weeks in San Bruno. He reports his mother, who has been so seriously ill with pneumonia, has recovered and she expects to be home in a couple of weeks.

San Bruno lots for sale. \$225 up. Nothing done, balance \$5 a month. No interest. No taxes. Also houses bought, sold and exchanged. For particulars see L. M. Pfleger. Take San Mateo car and get off at San Bruno crossing. Advt.

The Ladies' Aid Society of M. E. Church will hold a school luncheon, April 15th. All are welcome. The following will be served for 10 cents to children and 15 cents to adults: Mashed potatoes, meat loaf, salmon loaf, bread and butter, coffee and chocolate, lemon pie and cake.

## IMPORTANT FOREIGN NEWS

Another general railway strike is threatened in Italy. Eighty thousand railway employees are agitating for an amelioration of their condition of employment, which would represent an increase of \$10,000,000 in the State budget. Enrico Malatesta, the anarchist leader, promised the support of his party to the railway men and the Republican and Socialist leaders gave a similar promise.

A large section of a mountain at Brive, France, has become detached by seismic disturbances and is slowly sliding down the valley, sweeping everything in its path. A number of farms and cottages have been blotted out and roads from Brive and Lan-teuil have been destroyed for more than half a mile. Heavy rumblings indicate that the mass is gaining impetus and the inhabitants are fleeing from their houses.

The Emperor of Japan has offered the Premiership to Prince Iyesato Tokugawa, president of the House of Peers, but it is believed that the Prince will decline. Should he accept, the hopes of the radicals for a pure party Cabinet would be greatly lessened. Since the resignation of the Yamamoto Ministry, March 24th, the names of several prominent statesmen, including Count Okuma, have been mentioned in connection with the formation of a new Cabinet.

## HOUSE PASSES REPEAL BILL

### One of Spectacular Struggles in History

The House of Representatives, after one of the most spectacular legislative struggles in the history of the Nation, voted to repeal the provision of the Panama canal act exempting American vessels from the payment of tolls. The vote on the repeal bill was 247 to 161, a majority of 86 votes in support of the personal plea of President Wilson.

The verdict on the issue, which has absorbed Congress for weeks, came at the close of a stirring day, made memorable in the annals of the House by a party division which found Speaker Champ Clark, Majority Leader Underwood and other Democratic chieftains, lined up in open opposition to the President on an issue which the latter had declared vital to his conduct of the Nation's foreign policy.

On the final vote 220 Democrats in the House stood by the President, giving him in "ungrudging measure" what he had asked, "for the honor of the Nation" in its foreign relations. Twenty-five Republicans and two Progressives also voted to sustain the President. Fifty-two Democrats followed Speaker Clark and Leader Underwood to defeat in their steadfast determination that the President was wrong in his decision that toll exemption for American ships is a violation of the Hay-Pauncefote treaty with Great Britain.

Representatives Church and Kent, on the final vote on the Sims bill to repeal free tolls to coastwise vessels through the Panama Canal, voted for the bill.

They were the only California Congressmen who did so, the remainder of the delegation voting against the bill and against repeal.

Those voting against passage of the bill and against repeal of free tolls were Representatives Kahn, Knowland, Nolan, Curry, Hayes, Bell, Raker, Stephens and Kellner. Representatives Kahn and Nolan made strong appeals to the House not to vote for the bill. Representative Kent spoke for repeal.

Nothing, it seemed, could stem the tide of administration success. Speaker Clark, for nearly twenty-two years a member of the House, made the speech of his life to forestall what he termed "unquestionable degradation" of the Nation. In this he failed, but he did smooth over the party breach with kindly words for his adversaries, praise for President Wilson and an unqualified denial of any vaulting ambition on his own behalf.

When Speaker Clark had closed the debate for the opposition to the repeal with an impassioned argument he was triumphant in defeat, for the entire legislative assemblage, in which were many Senators, cheered him.

The President was at dinner when the result of the vote was announced. He was gratified, but made no comment.

## GENERAL NEWS EVENTS

It has been decided that the cruiser Hamidieh shall represent Turkey at the opening of the Panama Canal.

The Danish Senate failed to ratify the new obligatory arbitration treaty with the United States. The old treaty expires March 29th.

The famous forestry building in Portland of the Lewis and Clark Exposition of 1905 is doomed to total destruction. Bark beetles and the fungus growths have made such progress that the building is declared already to be almost unsafe.

Sight has been given to the left eye of David Kane, nine-months-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Herman Kane of Gettysburg, Pa., through the grafting of the cornea of a pig's eye to the child's eyeball, according to a statement of physicians at a hospital.

The twenty-eighth annual report of the Illinois Live Stock Commission shows a big decrease in Illinois live stock. There was a falling off of more than 1,000,000 hogs for 1913, as compared with 1908. High-priced land and more intensive farming are among the reasons attributed.

The American Embassy in London has issued a warning to Americans not to waste their money in trying to establish claims to estates in the British Chancery Courts. The notice says the statute of limitations almost invariably outlaws all such claims. These warnings have been issued before by other American Ambassadors.

## QUEEN ELEONORA.

Consort of King of Bulgaria  
Will Visit United States.



but nevertheless the embassy is constantly in receipt of inquiries as to certain estates, many of which never existed.

A peculiar bargain is being struck by some local governments in England for the prevention of the spread of disease. The Manchester City government has just agreed to grant a pension to a woman carrier of enteric germs, in return for which she has given her promise to give up the keeping of a lodging-house. According to reports of physicians attached to the local government board, the landlady was responsible for an epidemic of enteric fever among her lodgers, and it was decided to buy her off with a weekly pension.

Drillers at the famous deep well which is being sunk at Oakdale, Pa., smiled at the statement credited to Professor Albert A. Michelson of Chicago that the interior of the earth is solid and more rigid than steel. The well at Oakdale is now 6500 feet deep, the deepest hole so far drilled. Drills made of specially hardened steel can be used for only a few minutes at a time, as the point softens and flattens. When brought to the surface the drills are red hot. Workers say they can prove that the interior of the earth is hot and not at all rigid.

Chicago's municipal store, where the needy were to purchase supplies at cost, has done a daily average business of \$9.11 since it opened on February 19th, according to a statement by the City Controller's office. Advocates of the enterprise admit it has not filled any long-felt want. The store does not make deliveries, and a rigid investigation is made of each prospective customer. These are the reasons advanced by Joseph Meyer, county agent, for the lack of a more extensive patronage: "Many persons would rather trade elsewhere than to be looked up by the county as though they were charitable patients," said Meyer. "Only persons out of work and not owners of any property are eligible as customers." The City Council appropriated \$25,000 for the operations of the store this year.

The Southern States of the United States owe British bondholders a total of more than \$75,000,000, not including interest, on account of debts which have been in default from forty to seventy years, according to a report of the Council of the Corporation of Foreign Bondholders of London. It has not been possible to obtain reliable information with regard to most of these debts, but it is understood that the loans were contracted for public improvements, and do not include Confederate bonds or war debts. With the exception of Alabama's debt, of which no reliable information is obtainable, the amounts owing British bondholders are estimated as follows: Arkansas, \$8,700,000; Florida, \$7,000,000; Georgia, \$12,700,000; Louisiana, \$6,000,000; Mississippi, \$7,000,000; North Carolina, \$12,600,000; South Carolina, \$6,000,000; West Virginia, \$15,239,370.

On the eve of a miners' holiday—the anniversary of the establishment of an eight-hour day in Ohio—nearly 50,000 Ohio miners quit work for an indefinite time, the mines having been closed in accordance with orders issued by coal operators.

The sanitary officials of Havana believe that they have the bubonic plague under control.

## MRS. DROWN FOUND "NOT GUILTY"

### Woman Who Murdered Her Husband Goes Free

"Not guilty by reason of insanity." Such was the verdict of the jury in the case of Mrs. Millie Drown, charged with the murder of her husband, Archer Drown, whose trial came to an end in the Alameda County Superior Court a few days ago. The jurors deliberated less than five minutes and took but one ballot.

The final scenes in the celebrated trial were most dramatic. When the defendant was returned to court she was so weak and unstrung from the ordeal that she had to be carried to the chair.

As the jurors marched to their seats, the defendant made an effort to nerve herself and for the moment held her emotions in check. When Foreman C. C. Adams read the verdict, there came from her a barely audible "Oh," which carried with it relief from the long suspense and seemed to express joy at being cleared of the crime of which she had been charged. She attempted to get to her feet to thank the talesmen, but wilted and sank in a heap in the arms of her chief counsel, Judge A. L. Frick, and the prison matron, Mrs. Hattie White.

Then some of the men rushed up to the defendant and throwing their arms about her, smothered her with kisses. This was a signal for the women and they rushed at the cowering Mrs. Drown, who was almost in a dead faint.

When the jury rendered its verdict, Judge Ogden expressed the opinion that it carried with it a charge of insanity and that he presumed the defendant would have to be held in custody. District Attorney W. H. L. Hynes announced that he presumed it was incumbent upon him to file a charge against her to that effect. The statement brought Attorney Frick to his feet with a protest. "This verdict, your honor," he said "declares that the defendant was insane at the time she shot her husband. It does not say that she is insane now."

"You are right," was the Judge's reply. "The defendant is discharged."

Mrs. Drown shot her husband to death on the morning of October 24th last at their home on Rand avenue, Oakland, following a quarrel over his alleged attentions to Mrs. Marie Miller, a nurse in the employ of Dr. H. N. Fine. Nearly a day elapsed before it was known that Drown had been shot.

A feature of the case was the support given the woman by the members of the Drown family. They secured for her able legal talent and medical experts to prove her defense of insanity. Willard Drown testified at her trial that Mrs. Drown had been a good wife to his brother, had endeavored to make a man of him and in return had suffered much at his hands, and believing her to be irresponsible when she killed her husband, he said, members of the Drown family felt the least they could do was to see that she received a fair hearing and full justice.

## TERSE CALIFORNIA NEWS

With 300 visiting club women from all parts of Northern California in Woodland, the twelfth annual convention of the Northern district of the California Federation of Women's Clubs was appropriately opened.

Eleven thousand San Francisco fans crowded into Recreation Park to witness the first game of the season Tuesday. San Francisco, ordinarily a winner on opening day, was routed by the Venice Tigers by a score of 9 to 1.

Bonds for the \$42,000 issue of water front improvements in Vallejo were sold to the Vallejo Commercial Bank at a premium of \$1348.20. Four other bids offered premiums of \$647 to \$1146. This is the highest premium obtained for Vallejo bonds in twelve years with one exception. A \$100,000 issue for the water front is to be sold later.

Loaded with California oil for smudging the orchards of the Rogue River Valley, a train of seven tank cars arrived at Medford, Ore., a few days ago, bringing a most welcome relief to the apple growers of the entire valley, where frosts threatened the wholesale destruction of the coming season's apple crop in Southern Oregon.

The explosion of an incubator lamp caused a fire which totally destroyed three brooder houses on the chicken ranch of E. Neugenbaper, 897 Mount

Vernon avenue, San Francisco, and roasted alive over 3000 newly-hatched chicks. The buildings were valued at \$1000, while the chicks are said to have been worth \$750. Neugenbaper carried no insurance.

Mrs. Mary E. Hart, Alaska traveler, writer and lecturer, has returned to San Francisco from Alaska, after a sojourn of several months in the Far North. Mrs. Hart is president of the Alaska Cruise Club. She says the Government Alaska railroad bill has brought much prosperity to Alaska already. Real estate values have been enhanced, she says, and mining properties have increased greatly in value.

Plans for drafting a constitutional amendment which would enable Los Angeles to consolidate its city and county governments, and at the same time permit the cities about San Francisco Bay to extend their limits were discussed at a meeting in Los Angeles of the City Council and representatives of San Francisco and Oakland. A committee to present a tentative draft was named, consisting of Percy V. Long, City Attorney of San Francisco; Ben Woolner, City Attorney of Oakland, and Albert Lee Stephens, City Attorney of Los Angeles.

In its annual report for 1913 the Alameda County Society for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis declares it has accomplished much good work. The society maintains a free clinic which recently had its donation from Alameda County increased from \$600 to \$1200 a year. The number of new cases entering the clinic was 211; half days devoted to clinic patients, 312; treatments administered, 1346; visits and treatments to the tuberculosis poor at their homes, 1712; placed in private sanatoria, 5; placed in public institutions, 40. Much educational and instructive work was also undertaken.

"Liberty City," the erstwhile home of the unemployed in North Sacramento, is no more. The breaking up of the camp of the unemployed was brought about by the arrest of twelve of their number, who were taken in custody on charges of vagrancy. With nothing to eat and the prospect of several wet nights, the army became disheartened, and when Constable Judge and Bill Ahern, acting on orders issued by District Attorney Wachhorst, ejected them the rear guard of the army decided to disband. Deputy sheriffs took charge of the tents, flags and banners of the army and deposited their evidence in the County Jail.

According to a verdict just returned by the Industrial Accident Commission of San Francisco in favor of J. Ferguson, a messenger of the Southern California Gas Company, against the Royal Indemnity Company, an employee injured while going to or from work in certain cases may be awarded compensation. As Ferguson's duties embraced those of a collector and necessitated the use of a motorcycle, toward the maintenance of which his employers made a small monthly allowance, the latter contended his work did not end till he reached home; but the insurance people refused compensation. It was held by the Commission that Ferguson's work was continuous and did not end till he reached home.

"Progressive registrars" of Sacramento will no longer have the opportunity to gather the alleged "10 cents per Progressive registration," as a result of County Clerk Ed Pfund's decision to revoke the appointments of all deputy registrars, save those employed directly under County Registrar Haub. All the books of the outside deputies will be called in. His action was caused by numerous complaints that field deputy registrars were making strenuous efforts to get voters to registrar "Progressive." It was rumored that the deputies were receiving 10 cents for each "Progressive" registration from some unknown source. The alleged "Progressive" activity of the deputies in registering women finally brought the matter to a head.

The lumber cutting season in the high Sierras will open the 1st of May and a record yield is expected, although at this time it has not been definitely decided whether all of the available lumber will be cut because of the general scarcity of money throughout the country. The Fresno-Flume and Lumber Company's mills at Shaver will open the 1st of May. The Madera Sugar Pine Company's mills at Sugar Pine, Madera County, will not open until May because of the heavy snows in the mountains. This mill, when running full blast, employs in the neighborhood of 4000 men. The output at the mill in Madera County will be smaller this year than last, and will be about 30,000,000 feet.

Great Britain owns the largest fleet of submarines.